





The Iwaki G series chemical pump is the first internal gear pump designed for chemical process applications, in which gears of fine ceramic (SiC and Silicon nitride) are used. Our pump technology, developed over more than 50 years, has made it possible for Iwaki to equip standard pumps with fine ceramic gears. Without detracting from any of the advantages of conventional internal gear pumps abrasion resistance, chemical resistance, lowviscosity characteristics and sealing characteristics have been remarkably improved. In addition to the gland packing/mechanical seal type (Model GX), magnetic drive sealless type (Model GM) are available as standard products for an expanded range of uses. The G series is an advanced gear pump, capable of dealing with a wide range of industrial processes which continue to increase in sophistication.

Ceramic vs stainless steel gear comparison

Type of gear		Corrosion resistance	Thermal resistance	Seizing resistance	Exfoliation resistance	Abrasion resistance	Coefficient of friction	Impact resistance
Ceramic gear		0	0	0	0	0	0	X
Metal gear	Heat-treated	X	0	Δ	Δ	Δ	0	0
	Hard coated	Δ	0	0	X	0	Δ	Δ

Both high viscosity and low viscosity liquids can be handled

When a low-viscosity liquid is handled by a conventional gear pump, "jamming" and "seizing" tend to occur. SiC ceramic gears do not have this problem even when the pump functions at a high speed. Silicon nitride ceramic gears show stable performance in handling high viscous liquids, due to their strength and toughness.

Ability to handle fine slurries

Now that gears and other sliding components including bearings are made of ceramic, the handling of fine slurries hard and soft will not impair the longevity of these pumps. Do not specify GM type for slurry applications.

Magnetic drive type added to standard line

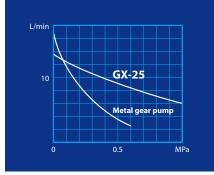
Superior anticorrosive materials such as silicon carbide, silicon nitride, alumina ceramic, PTFE, carbon and stainless steel are used in liquid ends so that all sorts of chemical liquids can be handled. GM is ideal for handling chemical liquids which need strict control on liquid leakage and air contact.

Improved performance characteristics

Performance has been noticeably improved. Ceramic gears make it possible to reduce spaces between parts, therefore outperforming conventional metal gear models.

Performance comparison curves

In the graph below, changes in output at varying discharge pressures are compared between the G series pump and a metal gear pump. The graph shows that the G series, which employs ceramics gears, is far less subject to declining output under high pressure due to its close seal clearance in the gear housing.



Quiet liquid transfer with less pulsation

Without the pulsation that is common to reciprocating pump and general use type gear pumps, liquid is transferred quietly and smoothly no agitating or foaming.

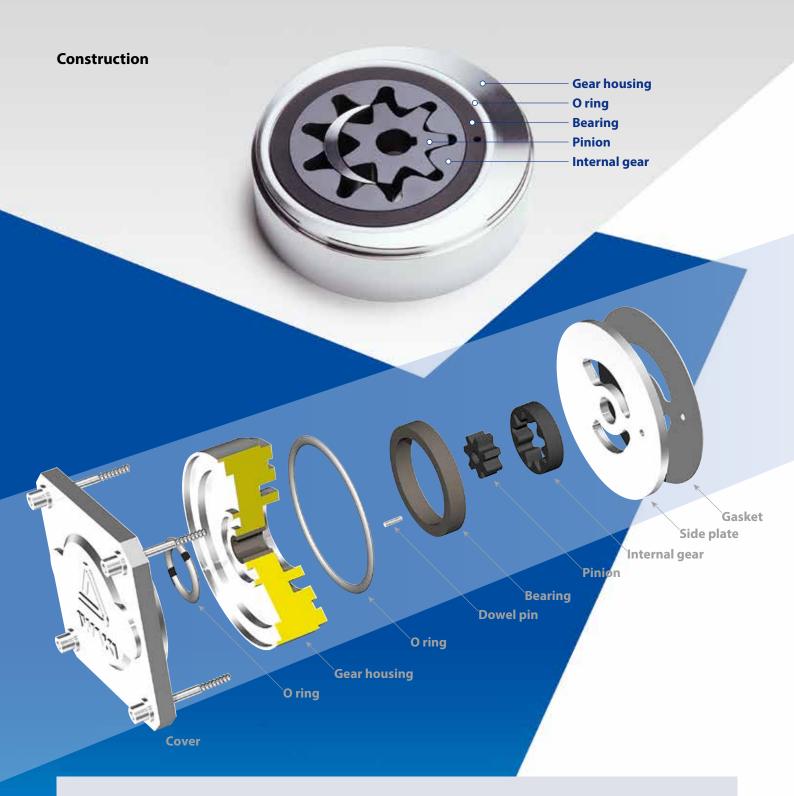
High self-priming ability

Because the suction port is at the top of the pump, the pump chamber remains full when pump stops working. Self-priming is enhanced at re-start.

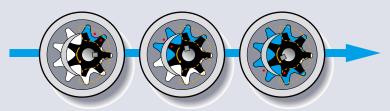
Constant flow injection

Regardless of the temperature change, viscous liquid can be handled at accurate flow rate, which cannot do with other pumps. As the output is linearly related to rpm, the flow rate is easily controlled by changing speed.



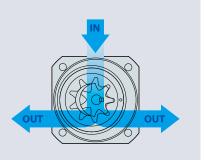


Operating principle

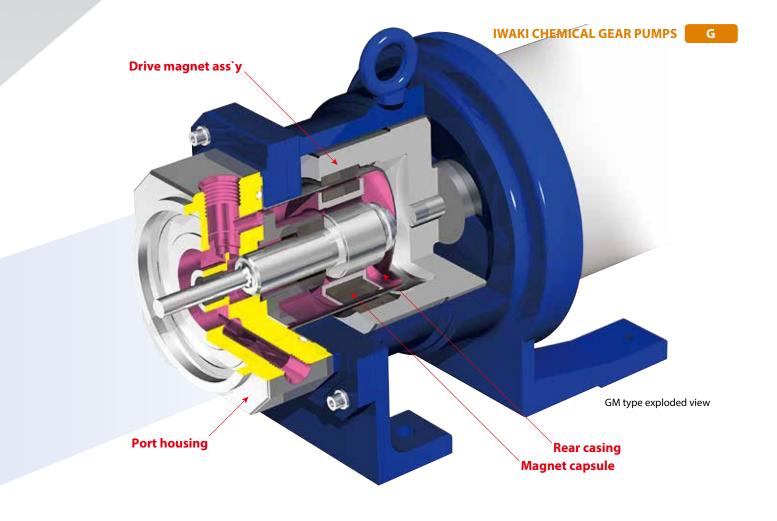


A pinion (drive gear) coupled with a shaft supported by two bearings meshes with an internal gear (driven gear) whose periphery is supported by a strong bearing. Liquid is transfered by a change in the capacity of this meshed portion. In the suction process, the gears are disengaged and a space defined by the

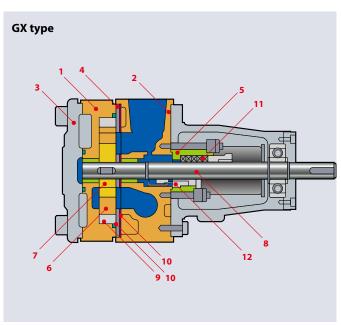
two gears and the casing expands. The liquid is drawn into the space by the negative pressure generated. In the discharge process, their teeth begin to mesh and space defined by the two gears and the casing is reduced to force out the liquid.



Left or right discharge port selection

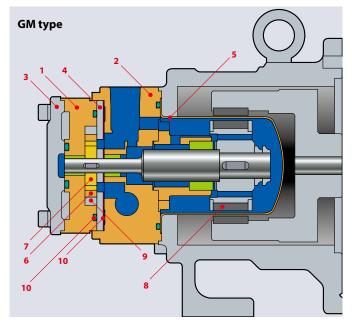


Construction / Wet end materials

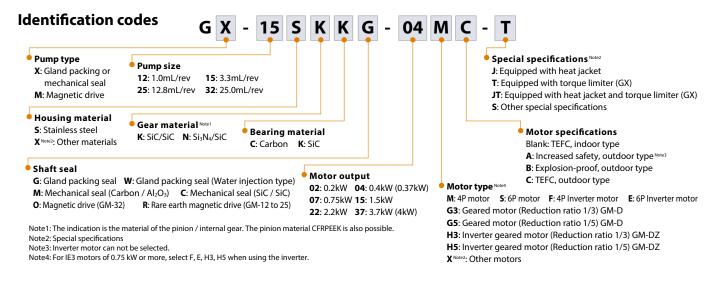


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Parts	Wet end materials				
1 Gear housing	SUS316				
2 Port housing	SUS316				
3 Cover	SCS14				
4 Side plate	SUS316				
5 Seal case	SCS14 or SUS316				
6 Internal gear	SiC				
7 Pinion	SiC or Si₃N₄				
8 Shaft	SUS630Equi. or SUS316/Cr ₂ O ₃				
9 Bearing	Carbon or SiC				
10 Gasket / O-ring	PTFE				
11 Gland packing	PTFE				
12 Mechanical seal	SUS316/Al ₂ O ₃ /Carbon/PTFE				

SUS316/SiC/SiC/PTFE



Parts	Wet end materials
1 Gear housing	SUS316
2 Port housing	SUS316
3 Cover	SCS14
4 Side plate	SUS316
5 Rear casing	SUS316
6 Internal gear	SiC
7 Pinion	SiC or Si₃N₄
8 Magnet capsule	SUS329J1/SUS316
9 Bearing	Carbon or SiC
10 Gasket / O-ring	PTFE



Specifications

Model	Discharge per revolution	Max. speed min ⁻¹	Max. discharge pressure	Temp. range °C	Viscosity range mPa·s *2	Vacuum KPa *3	Connections	
Model	mL/rev		MPa *1				IN	OUT
GX-12	1.0	1800	1800 1.0	0 - 150	0.5 - 10,000	5.3	Rc ¹ /2	Rc ³ /8
GX-15	3.3						Rc ¹ /2	Rc ³ /8
GX-25	12.8						Rc1	Rc ³ /4
GX-32	25.0						Rc1 ¹ /4	Rc1
GM-12	1.0	1800	0.5	0 - 80 (0 - 50)	0.5 - 1000	5.3	Rc ¹ /2	Rc ³ /8
GM-15	3.3		0.5				Rc ¹ /2	Rc ³ /8
GM-25	12.8		0.7	(0 30)		5.5	Rc1	Rc ³ /4
GM-32	25.0		0.7	0 - 80	0.5 - 100		Rc1 ¹ /4	Rc1

^{*1.} These are maximum values, which vary depending on motor speed and liquid viscosity.

Standard pumps selection table

Model	Viscosity range	Pump specifica	Motor		
	mPa∙s	Max. pressure MPa	Max. flow rate		
GX-12	0.5≦viscosity<1	0.3 / 0.36			
1≦viscosity<9		0.47 / 0.57	1.4 / 1.7	4P, 0	.2kW
	9≦viscosity<200	10/10			
	200≦viscosity<1000	1.0 / 1.0	0.9 / 1.1	6P, 0.2kW	
	1000≦viscosity<3000	0.7 / 0.7	0.5 / 0.6	4P, 0.4kW, 1/3	
	3000≦viscosity≦10000	0.7 / 0.7	0.3 / 0.36	4P, 0.4kW, 1/5	
GM-12	0.5≦viscosity<1	0.3 / 0.36	1.4 / 1.7		Note1
S□□R	0.5≧viscosity<1	0.38	1.8		Note2
	1/viceosity/0	0.40 / 0.48	1.4 / 1.7	4P, 0.2kW	Note1
	1≦viscosity<9	0.5	1.8		Note2
	9≦viscosity<200	0.5 / 0.5	1.4 / 1.7		Note1
	9≦VISCOSITY<200	0.5	1.8		Note2
	200≦viscosity≦1000	0.5	1.8	6P, 0.2kW	Note2
GX-15	0.5≦viscosity<1	0.54 / 0.65		4P, 0.2kW	
	1≦viscosity<9	0.7 / 0.7	4.7 / 5.6		
	9≦viscosity<200	10/10		4P, 0.4kW	
	200≦viscosity<1000	1.0 / 1.0	3.0 / 3.7	6P, 0.4kW	
	1000≦viscosity<3000	07/07	1.7 / 2.0	4P, 0.4kW, 1/3	
	3000≦viscosity≦10000	0.7 / 0.7	1.0 / 1.2	4P, 0.4kW, 1/5	
GM-15	0.5≦viscosity<9	0.5 / 0.5	4.7 / 5.6	4P,	Note1
S□□R	0.5 viscosity	0.5	5.9	0.2kW	Note2
	Osvissosity 200	0.5 / 0.5	4.7 / 5.6	4P,	Note1
	9≦viscosity<200	0.5	5.9	0.4kW	Note2
	200≦viscosity≦1000	0.5	1.2	6P, 0.4kW	Note2

Model	Viscosity range	Pump specifica	Motor		
	mPa·s	Max. pressure MPa	Max. flow rate		
GX-25	0.5≦viscosity<9	0.7 / 0.7	18.0 / 21.8	4P, 0.75kW	
	9≦viscosity<200		18.0 / 21.8	4P, 1.5kW	
	200≦viscosity<1000	1.0 / 1.0	11.8 / 14.2	6P, 1.5kW	
	1000≦viscosity<3000	0.7 / 0.7	6.4 / 7.7	4P, 0.75kW, 1/3	
	3000≦viscosity≦10000	0.7 7 0.7	3.8 / 4.6	4P, 0.75kW, 1/	
GM-25	0.5<	0.7 / 0.7	18.0 / 21.8	4P,	Note3
S□□R	0.5≦viscosity<9	0.7	23	0.75kW	Note2
	0<	0.7 / 0.7	18.0 / 21.8	4P,	Note3
	9≦viscosity<200	0.7	23	1.5kW	Note2
	200≦viscosity≦1000	0.7	15.3	6P, 1.5kW	Note2
GX-32	0.5≦viscosity<9	0.7 / 0.7		4P, 2.2kW	
	9≦viscosity<100		35.2 / 42.5		
	100≦viscosity<200	10/10		4P, 3.7kW	
	200≦viscosity<500	1.0 / 1.0	23.0 / 27.7	6P, 2.2kW	
	500≦viscosity<1000		405/450	4P, 1.5kW, 1/3	
	1000≦viscosity<3000	0.7 / 0.7	12.5 / 15.0		
	3000≦viscosity≦10000	0.7 / 0.7	7.5 / 9.0	4P, 1.5kW, 1/	
GM-32	0.5≦viscosity<30	0.7 / 0.7	35.2 / 42.5	4P, 2.2kW	
SKCO	30≦viscosity≦100	0.7 / 0.7	33.2 / 42.5	4P, 3.7kW	

Caution: To protect pump install strainer and safety valve. Strainer mesh depends on liquid. For water or equivalent 100 to 150 mesh is recommended. Ask us for details.

The recommended gear materials are K(SiC/SiC) for a viscosity below 200mPas and N(Si₃N₄/SiC) for above 200mPas.

Note1: General purpose motor

Note2: Inverter motor

Note3: Commercial power supply direct drive operation

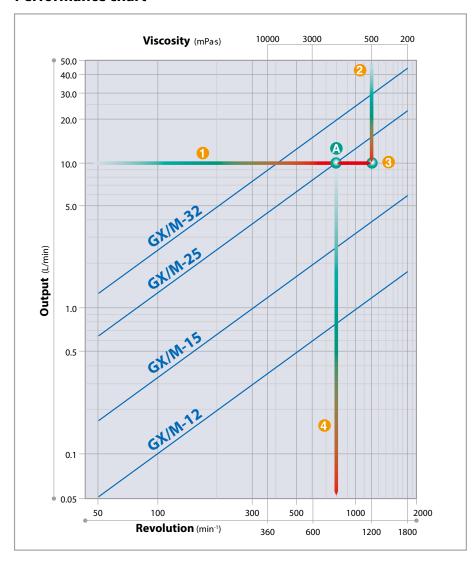
- For handling liquids containing slurry, sticky liquids, liquids that harden easily, etc., select a model with a torque limiter. Please ask us for information on pumps with torque limiters.
- Max. Pressure varies depending on pump size, viscosity of transferred fluid, and motor used.
 Please contact us separately for combinations other than the standard model selection table
- Please contact us separately for combinations other than the standard model selection table.

 The maximum liquid temperature when transferring liquid of 200 mPa·s or more with GM is 50 °C.

^{*2.} Motor speed and motor output suited to the viscosity of your liquid should be selected.

^{*3.} These are values with clear water at 25°C.

Performance chart



The chart on the left shows output at a discharge pressure of 0MPa. The output changes in proportion to min⁻¹, but min⁻¹ should be reduced when pumping viscous liquid.

Knowing required output and viscosity, the proper pump/motor min⁻¹ can be selected as in the following example.

Mark the value of your required output (10L/min) on the scale on the left, and draw a horizontal line to the right.

Mark the value of your viscosity (500mPas) on the scale at the top and draw a line downward. In the event your viscosity falls in the middle of two scale lines, select the line on the left (the higher value).

STEP -

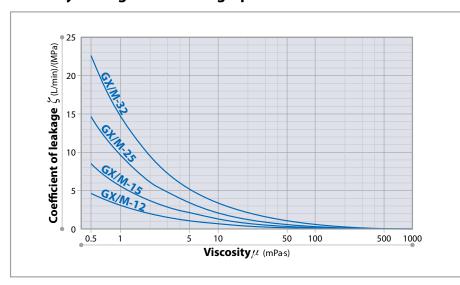
Extend the intersected point (a) to the left horizontally until intersecting the first pump line (GX/M-25). This point (a) specifies pump.

Draw a downward line from (A) to specify motor rpm().

For slurries

For soft slurries, reduce rpm by 75%. For hard slurries, reduce rpm by 50%. In principle, only slurries of less than 10 \(^{\mu}\) m in diameter can be handled. GM type pumps cannot handle slurries.

Viscosity-leakage coefficient graph



When discharge pressure rises

The lower the viscosity, as discharge pressure rises, the lower the output will be. You can estimate the actual output, in case of a change in viscosity or discharge pressure, from the following formula. (See note below).

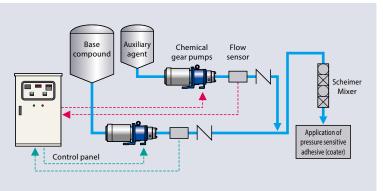
 $\zeta = K \times \mu^{-0.65} \longrightarrow (1)$ $Qc = q \times N/1000 - \zeta \times \Delta P \longrightarrow (2)$ Qc : Estimated output (L/min) q : Output per revolution (mL/rev) $N : min^{-1}$ $\Delta P : Effective differential pressure (MPa)$ $\zeta : Coefficient of leakage (L/min)/(MPa)$ $\mu : Viscosity (mPa·s)$ $K : Constant \qquad GX/M-12 : K=3$ GX/M-15 : K=5.5 GX/M-25 : K=9.5 GX/M-32 : K=15

For the value of the coefficient of leakage in formula (1), see the viscosity-leakage coefficient graph.

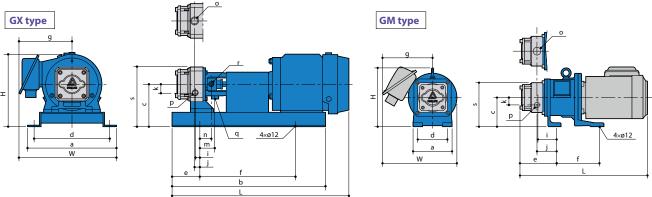
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Applications

- Non pulsatile quantitative injection of glue liquor in copper foil manufacturing process
- Quantitative transfer of magnetic slurry liquid
- · Quantitative transfer of paint and dye slurry liquid
- Quantitative injection of coagulant
- Quantitative injection of paper strength enhancer
- Non pulsatile quantitative transfer of fine slurry of electronic materials
- Ammonia water / urea water spray in flue gas denitration equipment such as cleaning factory
- Transfer of perfume such as detergent
- Transfer of cleaning solvent for metal parts, electronic parts etc.
- Solvent-based adhesive transfer
- Chemical liquid transfer for various processes (caustic soda, 98% sulfuric acid, nitric acid etc.)



Dimensions in mm



Mass Model Motor а h c Ч e Н k Т m n W q g Less motor GX-125 02MC 111.5 182.5 27.5 160.5 GX-15S 04MC 160.5 111.5 186.5 27.5 02SC 111.5 186.5 27.5 Rc1/8 Rc1/8 160.5 04SC 27.5 04G 111.5 219.5 27.5 160.5 Rc1/2 Rc3/8 GM-12S 02M/FC 144.5 02EC 144.5 02M/FC 144.5 GM-15S 04M/FC 144.5 04EC 144.5 **GX-25S** 07MC 140.5 225.5 9.5 49.5 202.5 15MC 140 5 202.5 Rc1/4 15SC 9.5 49.5 07G 🗆 140.5 265.5 9.5 49.5 Rc1 Rc3/4 202.5 GM-25S 07M/FC 83.5 182.5 15M/FC 83 5 182.5 15EC 208.5 GX-32S 22MC 37MC Rc3/8 Rc1/4 22SC Rc1 Rc1-1/4 15G 🗌 22MC 288.5

Note: The dimensions may differ with the type of motor installed.

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Caution for safety use: Before use of pump, read instruction manual carefully to use the product correctly. Actual pumps may differ from the photos. Specifications and dimensions are subject to change without prior notice. For further details please contact us.



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